

Names for GLOB (ISBT 028) Blood Group Alleles

Intro

General description The GLOB system was established in 2002 when the P antigen (globoside) was moved from the 209 collection. P is the most common neutral glycosphingolipid in the red cell membrane, belongs to the globoseries and has the following structure: GalNAc β 3Gal α 4Gal β 4Glc β 1 ceramide, also known as globoside (Gb4Cer). The *B3GALT3* gene was first reported in 1998 by Amado *et al.* (1) to be a member of the β 1,3-galactosyl-transferase gene family and its product given the name β 3Gal-T3. It was later shown by Okajima *et al.* (2) to possess UDP-*N*-acetyl-galactosamine:globotriaosyl-ceramide 3- β -*N*-acetylgalactosaminyl-transferase or globoside synthase activity and the gene name changed to *B3GALNT1* and its product renamed β 3GalNAc-T1. This enzyme is responsible for the final step in the synthesis of the P antigen, the transfer of GalNAc to the terminal Gal of the P^k antigen. The final proof of this was the identification in 2002 by Hellberg *et al.* (3) of critical mutations in the *B3GALNT1* gene as the genetic basis of P₁^k and P₂^k, the rare globoside-deficient null phenotypes of the GLOB system. Westman *et al.* (4) showed in 2015 that the same glycosyltransferase is responsible for PX2 antigen synthesis. In addition, 2019 Hagman-Ricci *et al.* (5) reported that the B antigen can be elongated by β 3GalNAc-T1 to form the ExtB antigen. Thus, the system now comprises three antigens.

Gene name: *GLOB (B3GALNT1)*
 Number of exons: 5
 Initiation codon: Within exon 5
 Stop codon: Within exon 5
 Entrez Gene ID: 26879
 LRG: LRG_820
 LRG sequence: NG_007854.1 (genomic)
 NM_033169.3 (transcript)
 Reference allele: *GLOB*01 (B3GALNT1*01)*
 Acceptable: *P* if inferred by haemagglutination
 Reference allele GLOB1 (P),GLOB4 (PX2) and if group B/AB also GLOB5 (ExtB).
*GLOB*01* encodes:
 Antithetical antigens: -

Phenotype	Allele name	Nucleotide change	Exon Intron	Predicted amino acid change	(Reference No.) PMID	Accession number	rs number
GLOB:1 (P+)	<i>GLOB*01</i>						
GLOB:1 (P+)	<i>GLOB*01.02</i>	c.376G>A	5	p.Asp126Asn			rs2231257
Null Phenotypes (The null phenotype caused by these alleles can either be P1+ or P1-, i.e. P1k or P2k)							
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.01</i>	c.202C>T	5	p.Arg68Ter	PMID:12023287	AF494103	rs200235398
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.02</i>	c.292dup	5	p.Arg98LysfsTer6	PMID:15142124	AY505344	n.a.
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.03</i>	c.433C>T	5	p.Arg145Ter	PMID:15142124	AY505345	rs755471824
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.04</i>	c.537dup	5	p.Asp180ArgfsTer3	PMID:12023287	AF494104	rs751995528
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.05</i>	c.648A>C	5	p.Arg216Ser	PMID:15142124	AY505346	n.a.
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.06</i>	c.797A>C	5	p.Glu266Ala	PMID:12023287	AF494106	rs28937582
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.07</i>	c.811G>A	5	p.Gly271Arg	PMID:12023287	AF494105	rs104893683
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.08</i>	c.959G>A	5	p.Trp320Ter	PMID:15142124	AY505347	rs1458558563
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.09</i>	c.203del	5	p.Arg68GlnfsTer17	PMID: 23927681	FR871173	n.a.
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.10</i>	c.376G>A c.598del	5 5	p.Asp126Asn p.Ser200GlnfsTer10	PMID: 23927681	FR871175	rs2231257 n.a.
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.11</i>	c.456T>G	5	p.Tyr152Ter	PMID: 23927681	FR871176	n.a.
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.12</i>	c.449A>G	5	p.Asp150Gly	PMID: 23927681	FR871174	n.a.
GLOB:-1 (P-)	<i>GLOB*01N.13</i>	c.420T>G	5	p.Tyr140Ter	PMID: 29873420	MG459010	n.a.

References

- PMID 9582303 Amado M, Almeida R, Carneiro F et al. A family of human beta3-galactosyltransferases. Characterization of four members of a UDP-galactose:beta-N-acetyl-glucosamine/beta-N-acetyl-galactosamine beta-1,3-galactosyltransferase family. *J Biol Chem* 1998;273:12770-8.
- PMID 10993897 Okajima T, Nakamura Y, Uchikawa M et al. Expression cloning of human globoside synthase cDNAs. Identification of beta3Gal-T3 as UDP-N-acetylgalactosamine:globotriaosylceramide beta1,3-N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase. *J Biol Chem* 2000;275:40498-503
- PMID 12023287 Hellberg A, Poole J, Olsson ML. Molecular basis of the globoside-deficient P(k) blood group phenotype. Identification of four inactivating mutations in the UDP-Nacetylgalactosamine:globotriaosylceramide 3-beta-Nacetylgalactosaminyltransferase gene. *J Biol Chem* 2002; 277:29455-9.
- PMID 26055721 Westman JS, Benktander J, Storry JR, et al. Identification of the molecular and genetic basis of PX2, a glycosphingolipid blood group antigen lacking on globoside-deficient erythrocytes. *J Biol Chem* 2015;290:18505–18
- Abstract (1) J Ricci Hagman, A Barone, JS Westman JR Storry, C Jin, AK Hult, S Teneberg, ML Olsson β 1,3GalNAc-T1-dependent extension of the human blood group B antigen gives rise to a novel glycolipid structure on erythrocytes *Vox Sanguinis* 2019;114(S1)4C-S20-06 (Abstract)
- PMID 15142124 Hellberg A, Ringressi A, Yahalom V, Safwenberg J, Reid ME, Olsson ML. Genetic heterogeneity at the glycosyltransferase loci underlying the GLOB blood group system and collection. *Br J Haematol* 2004;125: 528-36.
- PMID 23927681 Westman JS, Hellberg A, Peyrard T, Hustinx H, Thuresson B, Olsson ML. P1 /P2 genotyping of known and novel null alleles in the P1PK and GLOB histo-blood group systems. *Transfusion*. 2013 Nov;53(11 Suppl 2):2928-39
- PMID 29873420 Ricci Hagman J, Hult AK, Westman JS, Hosseini-Maaf B, Jongruamklang P, Saipin S, Bejrachandra S, Olsson ML. Multiple miscarriages in two sisters of Thai origin with the rare P k phenotype caused by a novel nonsense mutation at the B3GALNT1 locus *Transfus Med*. 2019 Jun;29:202-208. doi: 10.1111/tme.12544. Epub 2018 Jun 6.

Track of changes

		from	to
1	Version	v4.0_8th April 2019	v5.0 30-JUN-2022
2	Author	created Jill Story, April 2019	Åsa Hellberg, February 2021
3	Review	reviewed C.Hyland, April 2019	Martin L Olsson, May 2022
4	General	Document created Word version	First version. Spread-sheets "Intro", "Allele Table", "References", and "Versioning" created.
5	Intro	Intro added	General description, gene name, number of exons, initiation codon, stop codon, Entrez Gene Id and Reference allele information added.
6	Allele Table	Table created	Table columns "Phenotype", "Allele name", "Nucleotide change", "Exon", "Predicted amino acid change", "(Reference No.) PMID", "Accession number" and "rs-number" created and content to table columns added.
7	Allele Table	added	<i>GLOB*01</i>
8	Allele Table	added	<i>GLOB*01.02</i>
9	Allele Table	added	<i>GLOB*01N.01-GLOB*01N.13</i>
10	References	added	References
11	Allele	changed <i>GLOB* 02</i>	<i>GLOB*01.02</i>
12	Allele	changed <i>GLOB* 02N.01</i>	<i>GLOB*01N.10</i>

1 Version

v4.0_8th April 2019

v5.0 30-JUN-2022

13 Allele changed

Additional information regarding

***GLOB*01N.10* :**

Bioinformatic analysis of the *B3GALNT1* locus revealed it to be highly conserved, although an allele with the c.376G>A mutation was found in 5.2 percent of the population worldwide. This allele, shown to be associated with normal expression of P, was named *GLOB*02* . Subsequently, the c.598delT mutation linked to c.376G>A was therefore renamed *GLOB*02N.01* (and *GLOB*01N.10* was retired). **However, in this version, due to an alteration of the principle for this nomenclature, the name is changed back to *GLOB*01N.10* .**

14 End Version

v4.0_8th April 2019

v5.0 30-JUN-2022

Track of changes

		from	to
1	Version	v3.0_22nd June 2016	v4.0_8th April 2019
2	Author	created Jill Story, June 2016	Jill Story, April 2019
3	Review	reviewed n.a.	C.Hyland, April 2019
4	General	Document created Word version	Word version
5	Intro	Intro changed	LRG sequence 819
6	Intro	Intro changed	NG_007469.3 (genomic)
7	End Version		